

Object Oriented Programming Review

PxPlus 2017 (v14) & PxPlus 2018 (v15)

Agenda

OOP in Review

- What is **O**bject **O**riented **P**rogramming
- PxPlus OOP extensions
- Using OOPs in fun ways
 - Global Data storage
 - Automated Wrap up routines
 - Embedded File IO
 - XML Parsing



Object Oriented Programming

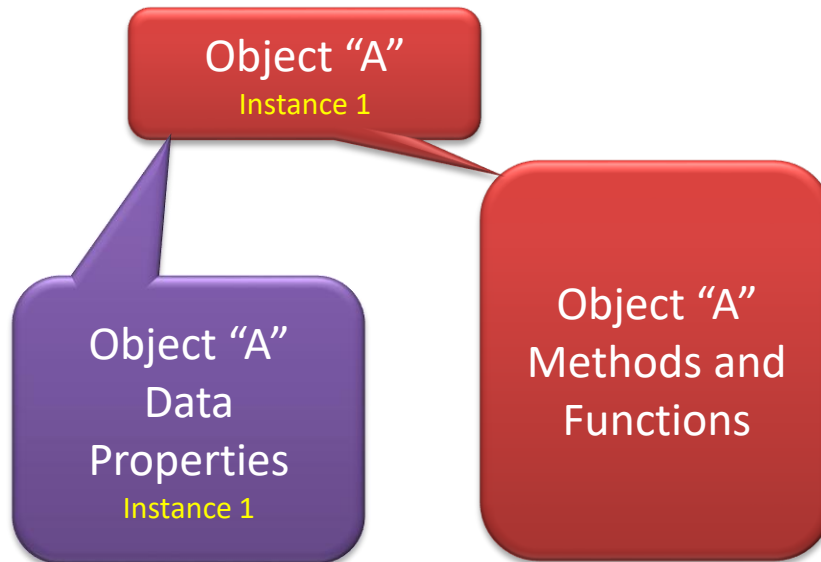
- OOP programming is
 - More structured and modular than standard 3GL
 - Allows more code sharing between modules
 - Simplifies the code by hiding much of the internal workings
 - Provides better integration between code and data structures
- Available in MOST programming languages
- When done well can simplify code, sadly, quite often it results in just the opposite

Object Oriented Programming

- What is an object?
 - Think of an object as a code library with data
 - The system will load a single copy of the code
 - Code consists of functions often called “**Methods**”
 - Each “**Instance**” of an object will have its own data
 - Instance data in an object is called a “**Property**”
 - Properties can be exposed or kept private to instance
 - When executing a method...
 - Property values are preserved between calls
 - All other data cleared as per standard CALL logic
 - Objects can build upon one another
 - This is called “**Inheritance**”
 - One object ‘inherits’ attributes of another

Object Oriented Programming

- What is an object?
 - The Visual...

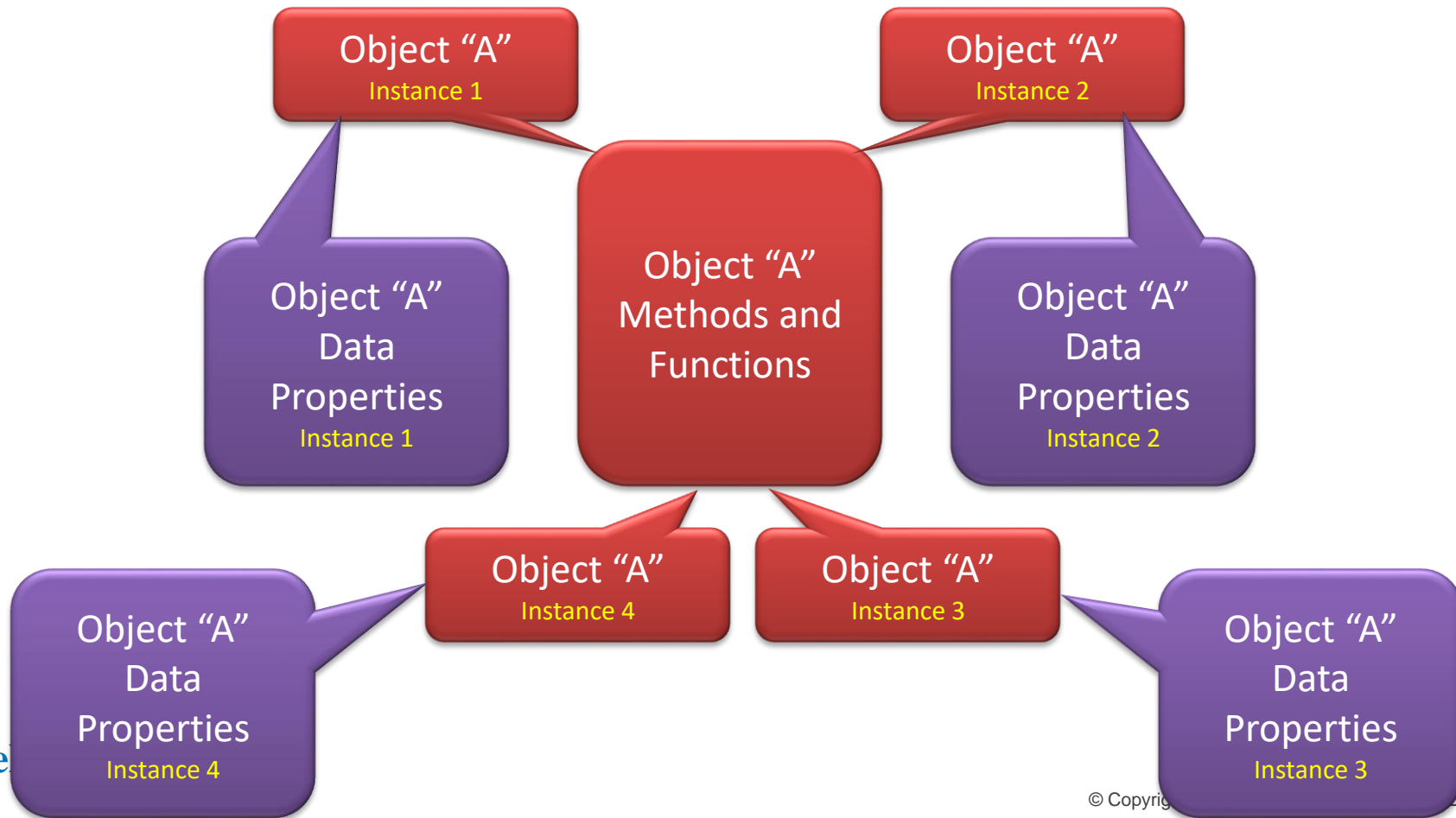


- The Code...

```
Def Class "a"  
Function ReadByKey(k$) DO_ReadByKey  
!  
Property ClientID$  
Property Name$, Address1$, Address2$  
!  
Local fileNo  
End Def  
!  
On_Create:  
open object (hfn,iol=*)"Client"  
fileNo=lfo  
return  
!  
DO_ReadByKey:  
enter _key$  
read (fileNo,key=_key$)  
return 1
```

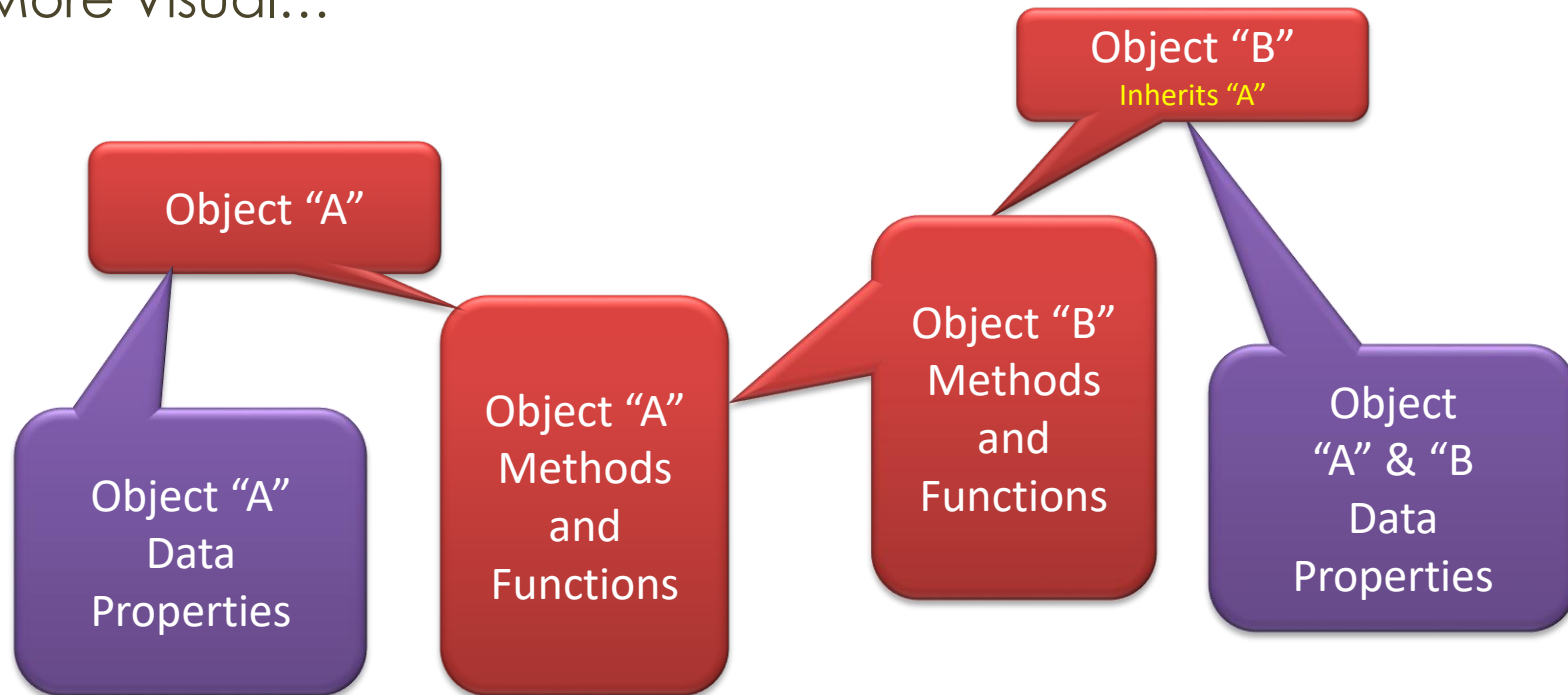
Object Oriented Programming

- What is an object?
 - The Visual...



Object Oriented Programming

- What is an object?
 - More Visual...



Object Oriented Programming

Clear as Mud right??

- Its not that hard
once you get used to it
- And once you get used to it
things get easier



PxPlus Extensions

- Automatic cleanup
- Dynamic Properties
- Accept Properties
- Merge Objects
- Embedded IO
- Attach Objects to Controls
- Object Defined Controls
- Object Caching

PxPlus Extensions

- Automatic cleanup
- Dynamic Properties
- Accept Properties
- Merge Objects
- Embedded IO
- Attach Objects to Controls
- Object Defined Controls
- Object Caching
- So let's have a little FUN with objects



Automatic Housekeeping

- To create an object

```
objHandle = NEW( "objectname " )
```

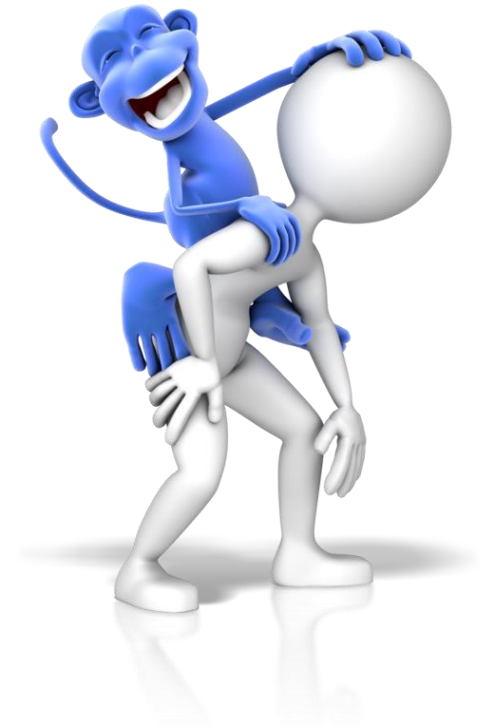
- This creates an instance of the named object
- To delete a reference to an object

```
DROP OBJECT objHandle
```

- Frees object data
 - Drops reference to object methods

Automatic Housekeeping

- What's the problem?
 - You have to remember to DROP objects when you are done with them
- How does PxPlus get this monkey off your back?
 - Ties object to other components
 - Current Program
 - Files
 - Controls
 - Windows
 - Other Objects



Automatic Housekeeping

Add the relationship to the NEW function

```
objHandle = NEW( "objectname " FOR PROGRAM)
```

- Drops object when program ends/exits

```
objHandle = NEW( "objectname " FOR FILE nnn)
```

- Drops object when file is closed

```
objHandle = NEW( "objectname " FOR WINDOW)
```

- Drops object when window is closed

```
objHandle = NEW( "objectname " FOR CONTROL nnn)
```

- Drops object when control deleted

```
objHandle = NEW( "objectname " FOR OBJECT nnn)
```

- Drops object when other object is dropped

Automatic Housekeeping

- Advantages
 - Reduces risk of forgetting to free objects
 - Less coding required
 - Provides method to tie logic to closing file, window or any of the FOR xxx components.

Automatic Housekeeping

- Enabled the new "*plus/obj/wrapup"
 - Object allows program call or EXECUTE to occur when component deleted

```
o = NEW( "*plus/obj/wrapup", "program", "param" FOR xxx)
```

- CALLs specified program passing it "param" when xxx is closed/deleted.

```
o = NEW( "*plus/obj/wrapup", "", "directives" FOR xxx)
```

- EXECUTEs specified directives when xxx is closed/deleted.

- Typical uses
 - Reset parameters/precision, close files, write log

Dynamic Properties

- Externally visible properties normally fixed
 - Defined by the object definition
 - Declared by **PROPERTY** directive in class definition
 - Same properties for all instances of the object
- PxPlus provides following directive to add properties

PROPERTY ADD *iolist*

- Added properties are visible and show up in **xxx'*** list

Dynamic Properties

- Simplifies generic "File" handler objects

```
def class "FileIO"  
  local fileno  
  
  !  
  
  function Open(pathname$)  
    enter p$  
    open object (hfn,iol=*)p$  
    fileno=lfo  
    add property iol=iol(lfo)  
    return 1  
  
  !  
  
  function Read()  
    read (fileno)  
    return 1  
  
  !  
  
  function ReadByKey(TheKey$)  
    enter k$  
    read (fileno,key=k$)  
    return 1  
  
  !  
  
end def
```

Accept Properties

- Options on the DEF CLASS

```
DEF CLASS "className" ACCEPT PROPERTIES
```

- Allows external programs to dynamically create properties
 - May be string or numeric properties
 - Creation of property done on first assignment
 - Reports error if never defined

Accept Properties

- Great use – Create a Data object

```
! def class "Data" accept properties  
end def
```

Worlds Smallest
Object

- Instead of passing multiple data values you simply pass the object handle
- Make it global for system wide values
- The **%nomads** system object accepts properties

Merge Objects

- Including/inheriting object normally done using LIKE directive
 - Inherits properties and methods from another object
 - Controlled by object class definition
- Merge object provides comparable function
 - Done at run time
 - Merges instances of object as opposed to class

Merge Objects

- For example, change messages based on some runtime criteria such as user

```
def class "client"
property name$, zipcode$, state$
!
function Validate()
if nul(name$) \
then print "Name ", _obj'msgRequired$;
return 0
!
state$=ucs(state$)
if pos(state$="NYNJFLOHCATX",2)=0 \
then print "State ", _obj'msgUnknown$;
return 0
!
if num(zipcode$,*)=0 \
then print "Zipcode ", _obj'msgNotNumeric$;
return 0
!
if zipcode$="" or state$="" \
then print _obj'msgError$;
return 0
!
return 1
end def
```

```
def class "english"
property msgUnknown$="Is not a known value"
property msgNotNumeric$="Is not numeric"
property msgRequired$="Is a mandatory field"
property msgError$="*** System error ***"
end def
```

```
def class "spanish"
like "english"
property msgUnknown$="No se conoce un valor"
property msgNotNumeric$="No es numérico"
property msgRequired$="Es un campo obligatorio"
end def
```

Embedded IO

- Based on standard embedded IO interface
 - Perform/Call of entry points replaced with Method calls of same name
 - Invoked by specifying **obj=xxxxxx** as embedded IO program in **Data Dictionary Maintenance**

Obj=MyEmbeddedIO

- Object dynamically created and dropped on OPEN and CLOSE
 - Allows logic to maintain data attached to file
 - Special method "Open_File" called on open
 - Passed file **pathname**
- Helps preserve integrity as logic NOT **PERFORMed**

Attach Objects to Controls

- Allows methods and properties to be attached to control

```
MyGrid.CTL'ObjectID = NEW("objectName")
```

- Reference to control goes to Object first then physical control
 - Property with same name yields Object Property
 - Object properties and methods don't show in control property list
- Typical uses
 - Validation logic
 - Original value for control
 - Control description for error message
 - Security information

Object Defined Controls

- Allows Objects to take place of controls
 - Buttons, Radio Buttons, List boxes, Grids, etc.
 - Server object used to create the objects in response to Control creation directives
 - All control properties come from object
 - All control directives converted to method calls
- This concept is the basis for ***iNomads***
 - Replaces controls with Objects that create HTML
 - Replaces directives and property details with JavaScript functionality

Object Caching

- Objects often get created and destroyed
 - Example: Invoice lines
 - During load of Invoice system creates multiples
 - Advance to next invoice deletes ALL lines
 - Object definitions with no references are dropped
 - Class definition doesn't often change
 - PxPlus Caches unreferenced definitions
 - Avoids reloading/processing the Class definition
 - Speeds object creation
 - Default is 10 object definitions
 - Controlled by '+J' parameter

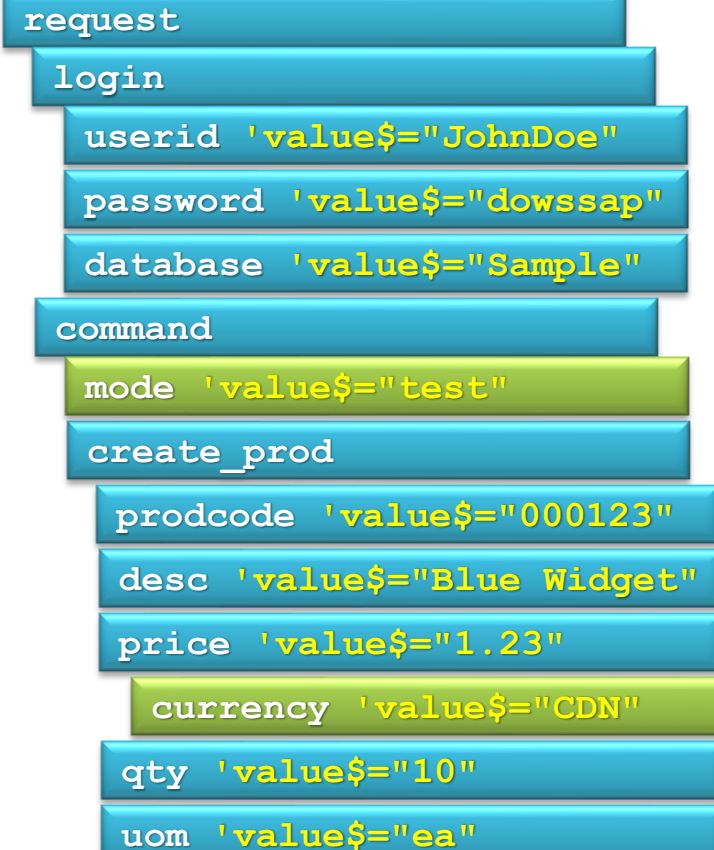
XML Parser *obj/xml

- Simple OOP based utility to parse, edit, and create XML
 - XML is broken down into a tree structure of objects (Nodes)
 - Simple methods to:
 - Add a new "Node"
 - Delete a "Node"
 - Find a "Node" based on its "name"
 - Also Find next and by ordinal number
 - Parse and rebuild XML
 - Other capabilities
 - Read/change a nodes value
 - Add/Edit/Change node attributes

XML Parser *obj/xml

- Visual of a Node tree

```
<request>
  <login>
    <userid>JohnDoe</userid>
    <password>dowssap</password>
    <database>Sample</database>
  </login>
  <command mode="test">
    <create_prod>
      <prodcode>000123</prodcode>
      <desc>Blue widget</desc>
      <price currency="CDN">1.23</price>
      <qty>10</qty>
      <uom>ea</uom>
    </create_prod>
  </command>
</request>
```



Additional Resources

The help link(s) below refer to the current on-line help pages. The functionality may have been further updated since the PxPlus 2018 (version 15) release

- [Object-Oriented PxPlus](#)
- [PxPlus OOP Interface](#)
- [OOP Syntax Elements](#)
- [Putting It All Together](#)

- [XML Parser \(*obj/xml\)](#)